



# Time-Aware Test Suite Prioritization

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Kristen R. Walcott,  
Mary Lou Soffa

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University of Virginia

Gregory M. Kapfhammer,  
Robert S. Roos

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Allegheny College

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# Regression Testing

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- Software is constantly modified
  - Bug fixes
  - Addition of functionality
- After making changes, test using regression test suite
  - Provides confidence in correct modifications
  - Detects new faults
- High cost of regression testing
  - More modifications › larger test suite
  - May execute for days, weeks, or months
  - Testing costs are very high



# Reducing the Cost

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- Cost-saving techniques
  - Selection: Use a subset of the test cases
  - Prioritization: Reorder the test cases
- Prioritization methods
  - Initial ordering
  - Reverse ordering
  - Random ordering
  - Based on fault detection ability



# Ordering Tests with Fault Detection

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- Idea: First run the test cases that will find faults first
- Complications:
  - Different tests may find the same fault
  - Do not know which tests will find faults
- Use coverage to estimate fault finding ability

# Prioritization Example

Prioritized Test Suite (with some fault information)

T2 1 fault 1 min.	T1 7 faults 9 min.	T4 3 faults 4 min.	T5 3 faults 4 min.	T6 3 faults 4 min.	T3 2 faults 3 min.
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Faults found / minute

1.0      0.778      0.75      0.75      0.75      0.667

- Retesting generally has a time budget
- Is this prioritization best when the time budget is considered?

**Contribution: A test prioritization technique that intelligently incorporates a time budget**

# Fault Aware Prioritization

FAULTS/ TEST CASE	f <sub>1</sub>	f <sub>2</sub>	f <sub>3</sub>	f <sub>4</sub>	f <sub>5</sub>	f <sub>6</sub>	f <sub>7</sub>	f <sub>8</sub>
T1	X	X		X	X	X	X	X
T2	X							
T3	X				X			
T4		X	X				X	
T5				X		X		X
T6		X		X		X		

TESTING GOAL: Find as many faults as soon as possible

# Time Budget: 12 minutes

T1	$f_1$	$f_2$		$f_4$	$f_5$	$f_6$	$f_7$	$f_8$
T2	$f_1$							
T3	$f_1$				$f_5$			
T4		$f_2$	$f_3$				$f_7$	
T5				$f_4$		$f_6$		$f_8$
T6		$f_2$		$f_4$		$f_6$		

## Fault-based Prioritization

T1  
7 faults  
9 min.

T4  
3 faults  
4 min.

T5  
3 faults  
4 min.

T6  
3 faults  
4 min.

T3  
2 faults  
3 min.

T2  
1 fault  
1 min.

Finds 7 unique faults in 9 minutes

# Time Budget: 12 minutes

T1	$f_1$	$f_2$		$f_4$	$f_5$	$f_6$	$f_7$	$f_8$
T2	$f_1$							
T3	$f_1$				$f_5$			
T4		$f_2$	$f_3$				$f_7$	
T5				$f_4$		$f_6$		$f_8$
T6		$f_2$		$f_4$		$f_6$		

## Naïve Time-based Prioritization

T2  
1 fault  
1 min.

T3  
2 faults  
3 min.

T4  
3 faults  
4 min.

T5  
3 faults  
4 min.

T6  
3 faults  
4 min.

T1  
7 faults  
9 min.

Finds 8 unique faults in 12 minutes



# Time Budget: 12 minutes

T1	$f_1$	$f_2$		$f_4$	$f_5$	$f_6$	$f_7$	$f_8$
T2	$f_1$							
T3	$f_1$				$f_5$			
T4		$f_2$	$f_3$				$f_7$	
T5				$f_4$		$f_6$		$f_8$
T6		$f_2$		$f_4$		$f_6$		

## Average-based Prioritization

T2  
1 fault  
1 min.

T1  
7 faults  
9 min.

T4  
3 faults  
4 min.

T5  
3 faults  
4 min.

T6  
3 faults  
4 min.

T3  
2 faults  
3 min.

Finds 7 unique faults in 10 minutes

# Time Budget: 12 minutes

T1	$f_1$	$f_2$		$f_4$	$f_5$	$f_6$	$f_7$	$f_8$
T2	$f_1$							
T3	$f_1$				$f_5$			
T4		$f_2$	$f_3$				$f_7$	
T5				$f_4$		$f_6$		$f_8$
T6		$f_2$		$f_4$		$f_6$		

## Intelligent Time-Aware Prioritization

<b>T5</b> 3 faults 4 min.	<b>T4</b> 3 faults 4 min.	<b>T3</b> 2 faults 3 min.	<b>T1</b> 7 faults 9 min.	<b>T2</b> 1 fault 1 min.	<b>T6</b> 3 faults 4 min.
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Finds 8 unique faults in 11 minutes

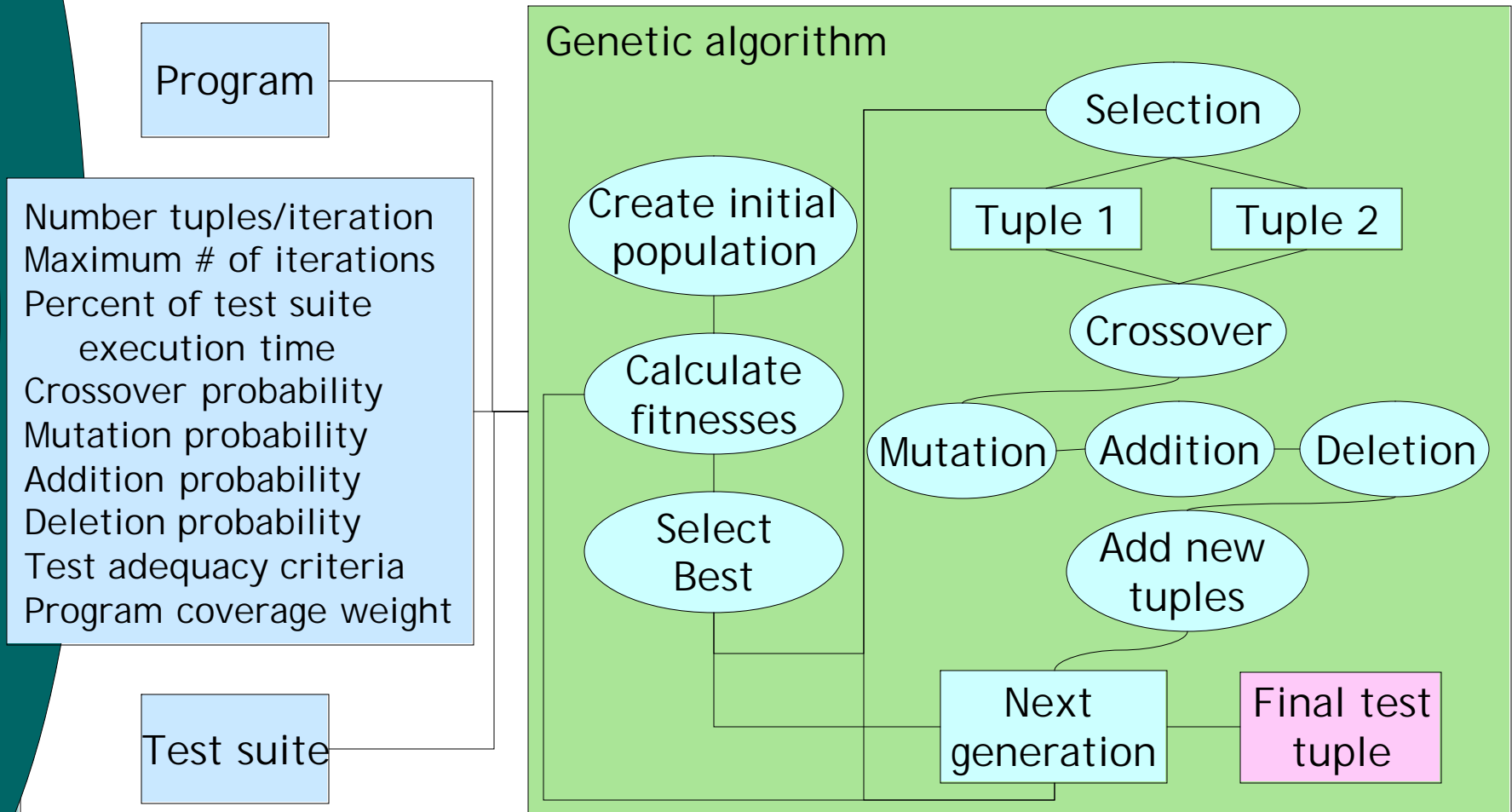


# Time-Aware Prioritization

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- Time-aware prioritization (TAP) combines:
  - Fault finding ability (overlapping coverage)
  - Test execution time
- Time constrained test suite prioritization problem 0/1 knapsack problem
  - Use genetic algorithm heuristic search technique
  - Genetic algorithm
    - Fitness ideally calculated based on faults
    - A fault cannot be found if code is not covered
    - Fitness function based on test suite and test case code coverage and execution time

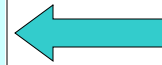
# Prioritization Infrastructure



# Fitness Function

Primary Fitness

Test Suite 1: 70% coverage



Preferred!

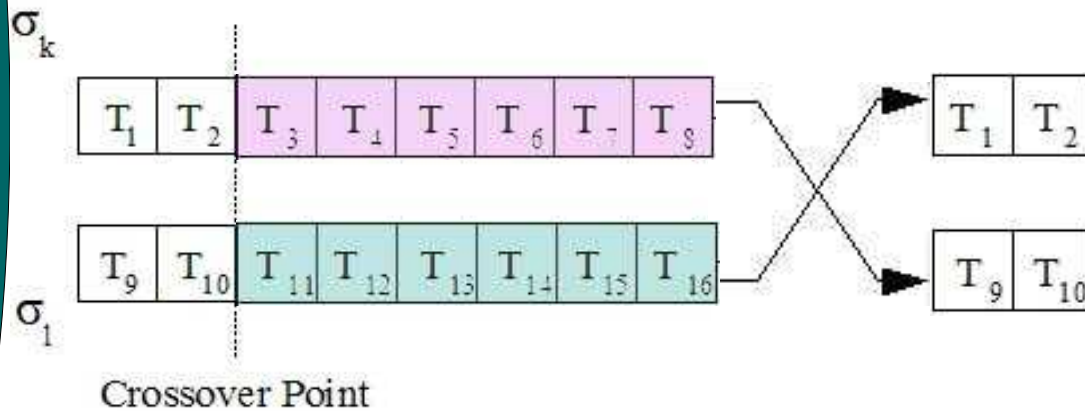
Test Suite 2: 40% coverage

- Fitness function components

1. Overall coverage
2. Cumulative coverage of test tuple
3. Time required by test tuple
  - If over time budget, receives very low fitness

# Creation of New Test Tuples

## Crossover



- Vary test tuples using recombination
- If recombination causes duplicate test case execution, replace duplicate test case with one that is unused



# Creation of New Test Tuples

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- Mutation
  - For each test case in tuple
    - Select random number,  $R$
    - If  $R < \text{mutation probability}$ , replace test case
- Addition- Append random unused test case
- Deletion- Remove random test case



# Experimentation Goals

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- Analyze trends in average percent of faults detected (APFD)
- Determine if time-aware prioritizations outperform selected set of other prioritizations
- Identify time and space overheads





# Experiment Design

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- GNU/Linux workstations
  - 1.8 GHz Intel Pentium 4
  - 1 GB main memory
- JUnit test cases used for prioritization
- Case study applications
  - Gradebook
  - JDepend
- Faults seeded into applications
  - 25, 50, and 75 percent of 40 errors

# Evaluation Metrics

- Average percent of faults detected (APFD)

$\mathcal{T}$  = test tuple

$g$  = number of faults in program under test

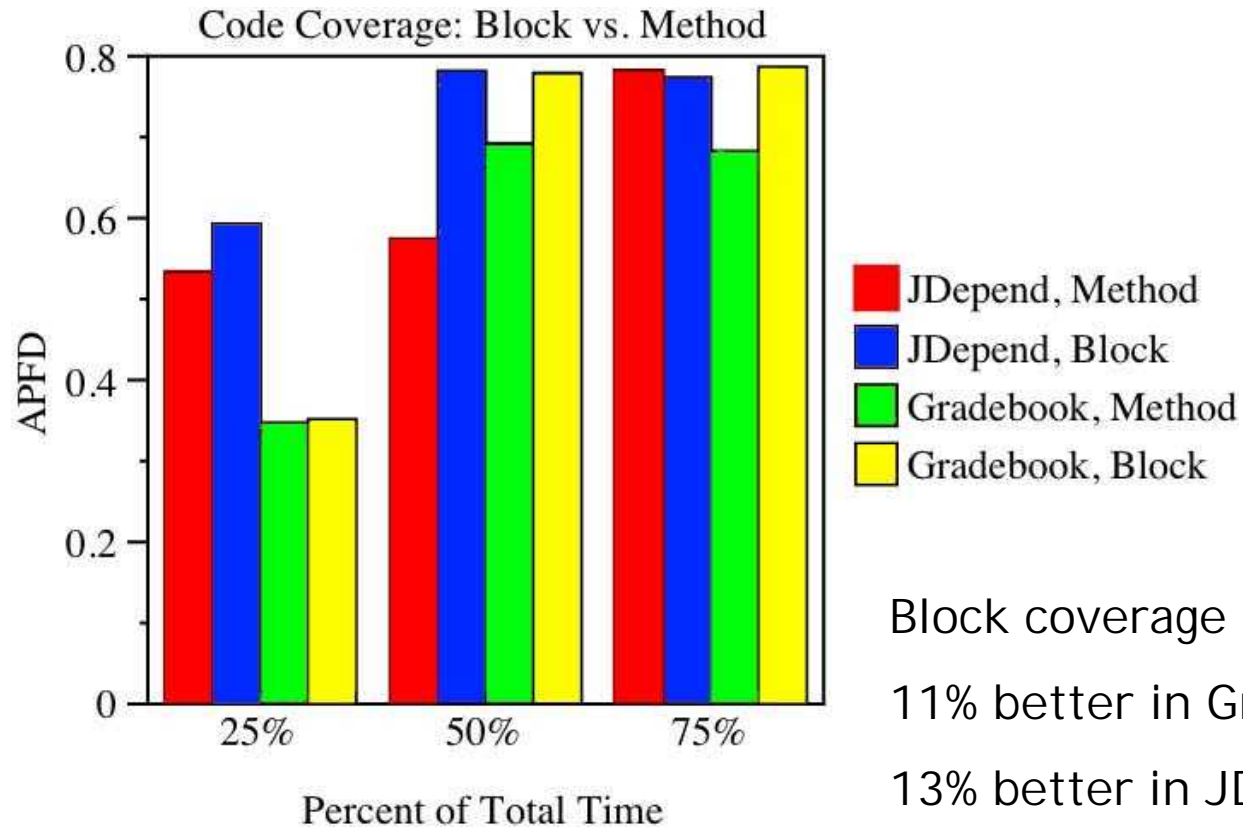
$n$  = number of test cases

$reveal(i, \mathcal{T})$  = position of the first test in  $\mathcal{T}$  that exposes fault  $i$

$$APFD(\mathcal{T}, P) = 1 - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^g reveal(i, \mathcal{T})}{ng} + \frac{1}{2n}$$

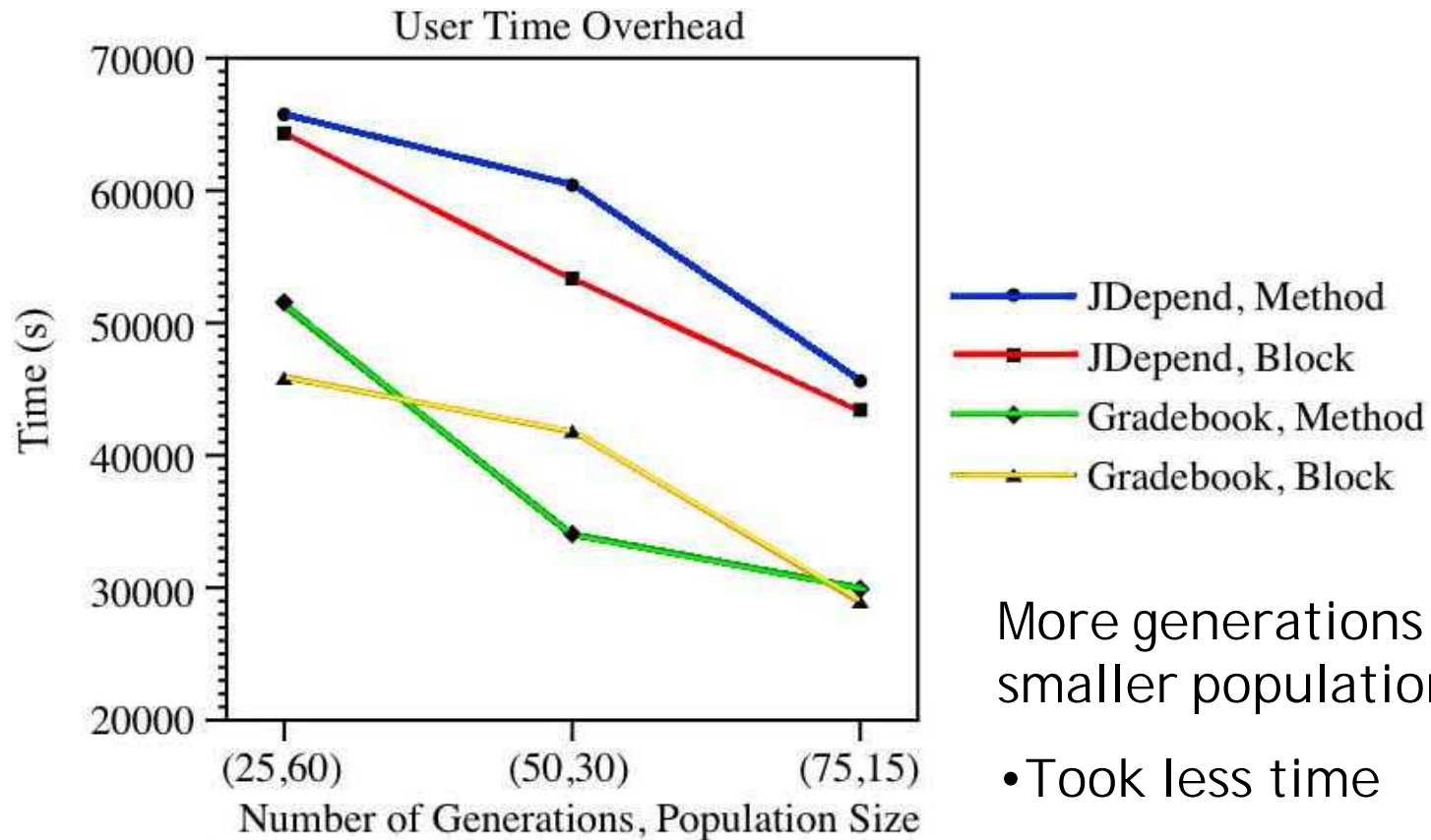
- Peak memory usage
- User and system time

# TAP APFD Values



Block coverage preferred:  
11% better in Gradebook  
13% better in JDepend

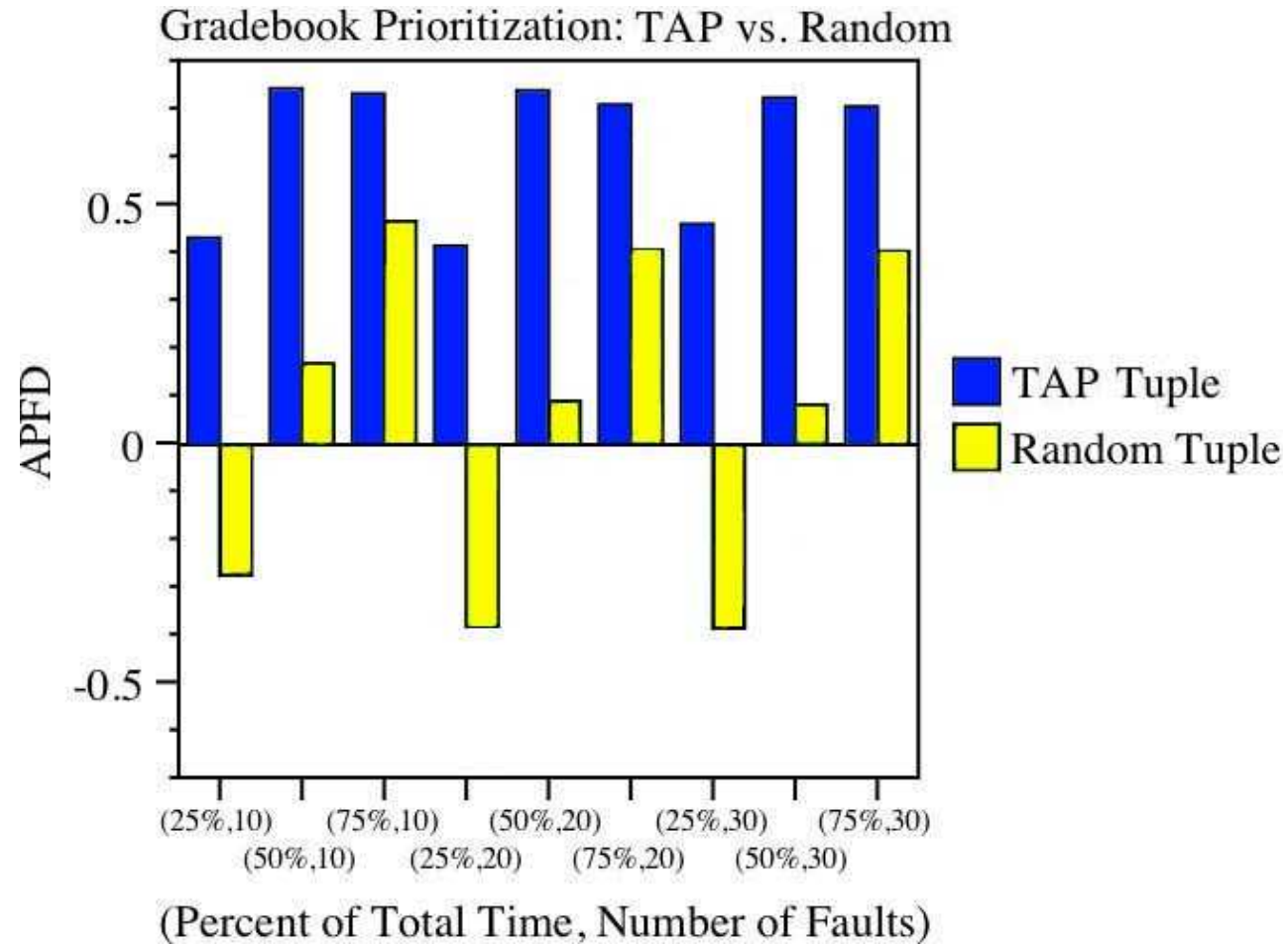
# TAP Time Overheads



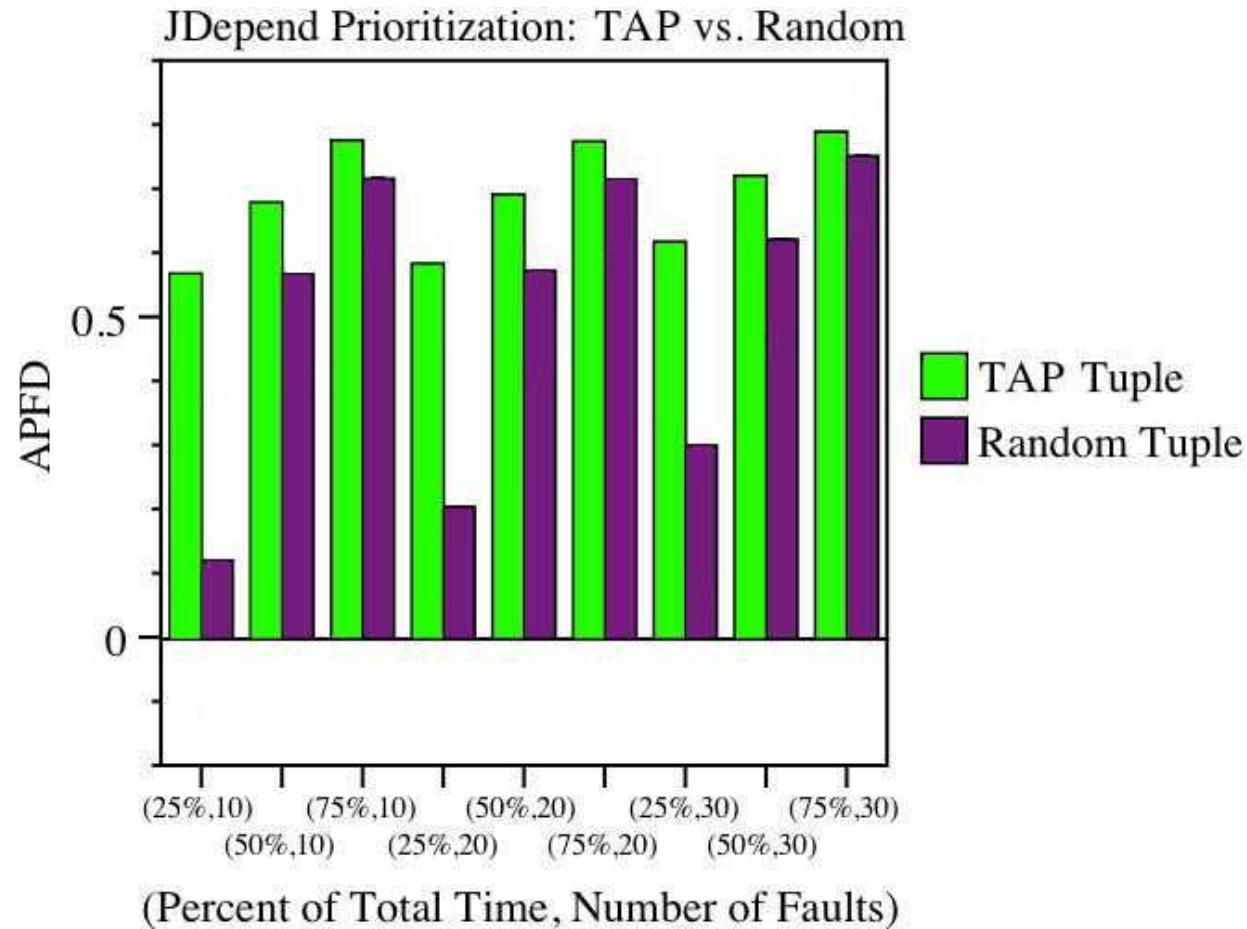
More generations with smaller populations:

- Took less time
- Same quality results

# Gradebook: Intelligent vs Random



# JDepend: Intelligent vs. Random





# Other Prioritizations

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- Random prioritizations redistribute fault-revealing test cases
- Other prioritizations
  - Initial ordering
  - Reverse ordering
  - Fault-aware
    - Impossible to implement
    - Good watermark for comparison

# Gradebook: Alternative Prioritizations

% total time	# Faults	Initial	Reverse	TAP	Fault aware
0.25	10	-0.6	-0.2	0.43	0.7
0.25	20	-0.9	-0.2	0.41	0.7
0.25	30	-0.9	-0.0	0.46	0.5
0.50	10	-0.04	0.1	0.74	0.9
0.50	20	-0.2	0.2	0.74	0.9
0.50	30	-0.3	0.3	0.72	0.8
0.75	10	0.3	0.5	0.73	0.9
0.75	20	0.1	0.4	0.71	0.9
0.75	30	0.04	0.5	0.70	0.9

- Time-aware prioritization up to 120% better than other prioritizations





# Conclusions and Future Work

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- Analyzes a test prioritization technique that accounts for a testing time budget
- Time intelligent prioritization had up to 120% APFD improvement over other techniques
- Future Work
  - Make fitness calculation faster
  - Distribute fitness function calculation
  - Exploit test execution histories
  - Create termination condition based on prior prioritizations
  - Analyze other search heuristics



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# Thank you!

Time-Aware Prioritization (TAP) Research:

- <http://www.cs.virginia.edu/~krw7c/TimeAwarePrioritization.htm>