Great on their Own, Even Better Together

Application Development with Python, Typer, and Poetry

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Okay, what is this about?

Key Questions

What are the **benefits** and **challenges** associated with using the Python language, Typer, and Poetry for creating command-line applications?

Intended Audience

An adventuresome technology enthusiast who wants to explore how both a new paradigm and software tools can improve their development skills!



Let's create a command-line application in Python!

Why focus on Python programming?

Prevalence of Python

Python is consistently ranked as one of the **top programming languages** for web development, data science, machine learning, and general programming

Command-Line Interface

Programmers who start using Python through Jupyter notebooks may need to create **tools** and **servers** that require a command-line interface



What is challenging about programming in Python?



Creating virtual environments

- virtualenv
- venv
- pipenv



Publishing packages to PyPI

- twine
- flit
- setup.py



Making command-line interfaces

- argparse
- fire
- click

What are the downsides of these tools?



virtualenv uses the requirements.txt file

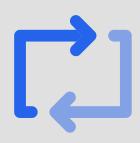


twine requires use of complicated setup.py file



argparse does not verify command-line arguments

How to easily create command-line tools using modern Python?



Typer:

https://typer.tiangolo.com/



Poetry: https://python-

poetry.org/

Typer

- Annotations: assign types to functions accepting arguments
- Productivity: types aid in the creation of the interface
- Checking: confirm that inputs match expected types

Poetry

- Environments: manage dependencies in isolation
- Package: create a stand-alone executable application
- Publish: expedite and simplify the release of program to PyPI



New way to manage application dependencies



Adjust to the challenge of adding type annotations



Easy command-line interface with Typer



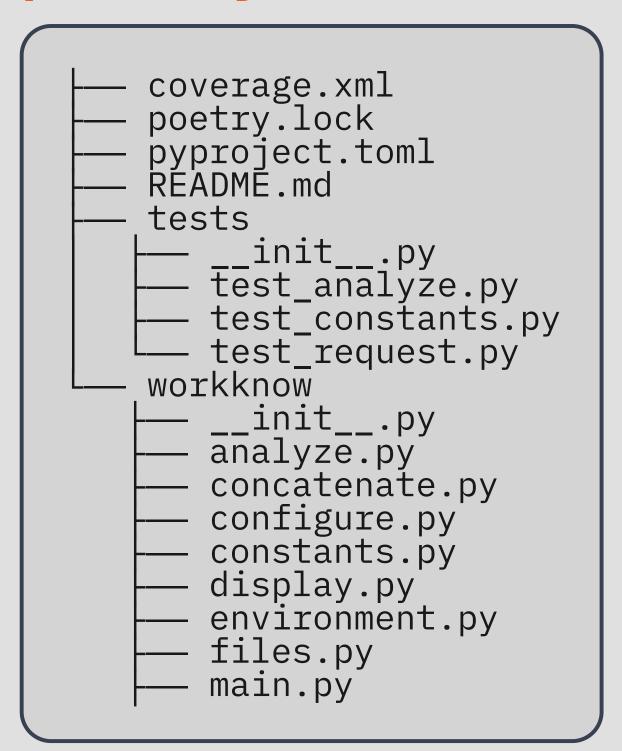
Manage, package, and release with Poetry



AnalyzeActions/WorkKnow

Creating the Application with Poetry

poetry new workknow



- Create a simple directory structure
- Default support for testing with Pytest
- Store separate modules in directory
- The main file stores command-line interface
- The pyproject.toml file stores dependencies
- The poetry.lock file pins dependencies

Application

Development

```
[tool.poetry.dev-dependencies]
pytest = "^5.2"
pylint = "^2.6.0"
black = "^20.8b1"
pydocstyle = "^5.1.1"
flake8 = "^3.8.4"
taskipy = "^1.8.1"
pytest-cov = "^2.11.1"
mypy = "^0.910"
pandas-stubs = "^1.1.0"
types-requests = "^2.25.0"
responses = "^0.13.3"
[tool.poetry.scripts]
workknow = "workknow.main:cli"
```



Poetry installs packages into the virtual environment

Command-Line Interface with Typer

```
import typer
cli = typer.Typer()
@cli.command()
def download(
    repo_urls: List[str],
    repos_csv_file: Path = typer.Option(None),
    results_dir: Path = typer.Option(None),
    env_file: Path = typer.Option(None),
```

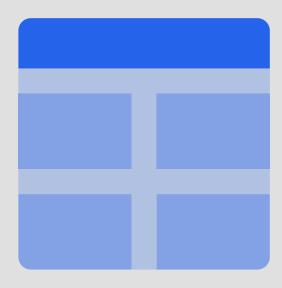


Adding Extra Commands with Typer

```
import typer
cli = typer.Typer()
@cli.command()
def analyze(
    results_dir: Path = typer.Option(None),
    plugin: str = typer.Option(""),
    save: bool = typer.Option(False),
    debug_level: debug.DebugLevel =
                   debug.DebugLevel.ERROR,
```

AnalyzeActions/WorkKnow | contains several

Command-Line Interface Documentation



- Using type annotations, Typer can:
 - automatically generate all menus
 - perform error checking on all arguments
 - convert all arguments to the correct type

Running the Program with Poetry

```
poetry run workknow download --repos-csv-file [CSV File]
--env-file [ENV File]
--results-dir [Results Directory]
--debug-level ERROR
--save
--combine
```



- Poetry takes the following steps:
 - load dependencies into virtual environment
 - locate the "script" variable that defines main
 - invoke the main function and pass control



What other cool features does Poetry support?

Specifying Tasks with Poetry

```
[tool.taskipy.tasks]
black = { cmd = "black workknow tests --check" }
coverage = { cmd = "pytest -s --cov-config .coveragerc [...] }
flake8 = { cmd = "flake8 workknow tests" }
mypy = { cmd = "poetry run mypy workknow" }
pydocstyle = { cmd = "pydocstyle workknow tests" }
pylint = { cmd = "pylint workknow tests" }
test = { cmd = "pytest -x -s" }
```



- Combining Poetry with Taskipy offers:
 - task specification in pyproject.toml file
 - task execution through use of Poetry
 - "poetry run task all" to run all tasks



What are the benefits of running these tasks?

Benefits of type checking and code formatting?



MyPy: Install and run a type checker on code modules



Black: Install and run a code formatter for all Python files

Defect Detection with Type Checker

```
def create_results_zip_file(
   results_dir: Path, results_files: List[str]
) -> None:
   """Make a .zip file of all results."""
   with zipfile.ZipFile(
       "results/All-WorkKnow-Results.zip",
        "W",
   ) as results_zip_file:
       for results_file in results_files:
           results_zip_file.write(results_files)
```

Automated Type Checker Feedback

```
Argument of type "List[str]" cannot be
assigned to parameter "filename" of
type "StrPath" in function "write"
```

```
with zipfile.ZipFile(
    "results/All-WorkKnow-Results.zip",
    "W",
) as results_zip_file:
    for results_file in results_files:
        results_zip_file.write(results_files)
```



results_file

How to build and publish a Python package?



Build: create package in standard format



Publish: publicly release the package to PyPI

Publishing a Package to PyPI

Poetry Build

Creates the project's "wheel", the standard format for Python packages. User installation of the .whl is possible. Program works without use of Poetry!

Poetry Publish

After creating a PyPI authorization token and configuring Poetry to use it, the publish command makes it available to everyone through PyPI!



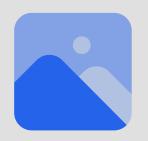
Program is available for installation with pip or pipx!

Challenges

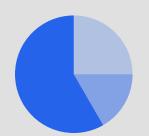
- Not stand-alone binary, so program needs Python to run
- Poetry and Typer are relatively new tools, so defects are possible
- Typer only works if you use type annotations, so extra work needed

Benefits

- Poetry seamlessly manages dependencies and environments
- Typer automatically creates the command-line interface
- Poetry makes task running and publishing to PyPI effortless



Two packages to build command-line tools in Python!



Quick environments, dependencies, and releases!

Best way to easily create command-line tools using modern Python?



Typer:

https://typer.tiangolo.com/



Poetry: https://python-

poetry.org/

Great resources for learning more about these Python tools?

https://typer.tiangolo.com/tutorial/package/

https://realpython.com/effective-python-environment/



Share your experiences with the Python community!

Tool Development with Python

Typer and Poetry effectively work together!



Programmers define types for functions



Create program's command-line with Typer



Poetry handles dependencies and releases

Tool Development with Python

Typer and Poetry provide an "opinionated" option



AnalyzeActions/WorkKnow



https://www.gregorykapfhammer.com/



gkapfham/codepalousa2021-presentation-typer