

# Ask and You Shall Receive: Empirically Evaluating Declarative Approaches to Finding Data in Unstructured Heaps

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Allegheny College

<http://www.cs.allegheny.edu/~gkapfham/>

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and Data Engineering, June 20 - 22, 2011



# ALLEGHENY COLLEGE

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# Overview of the Presentation

Finding  
Data in  
Unstructured  
Heaps

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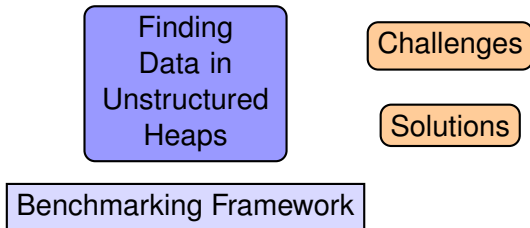
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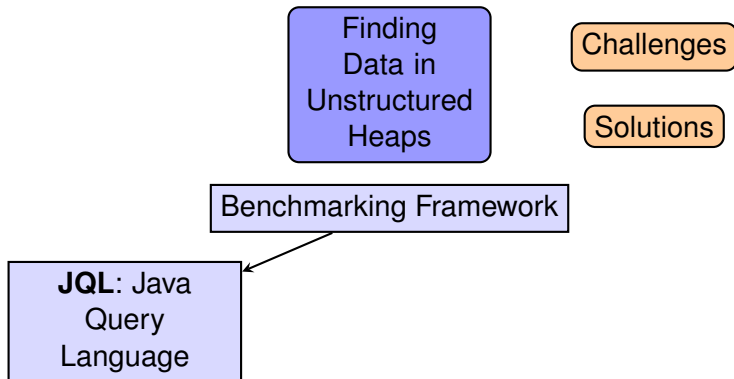
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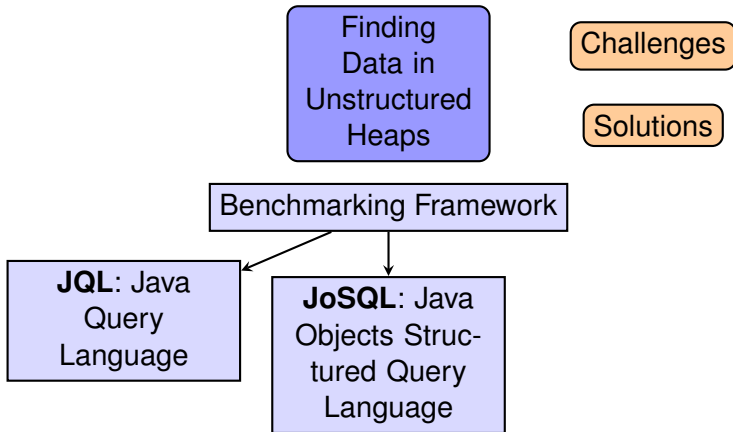
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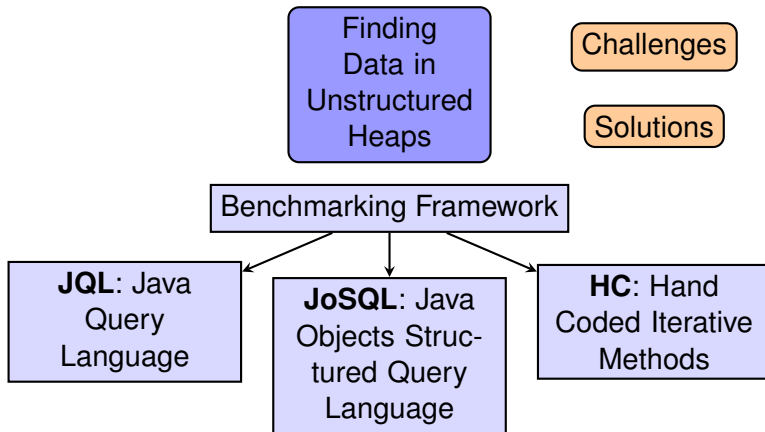
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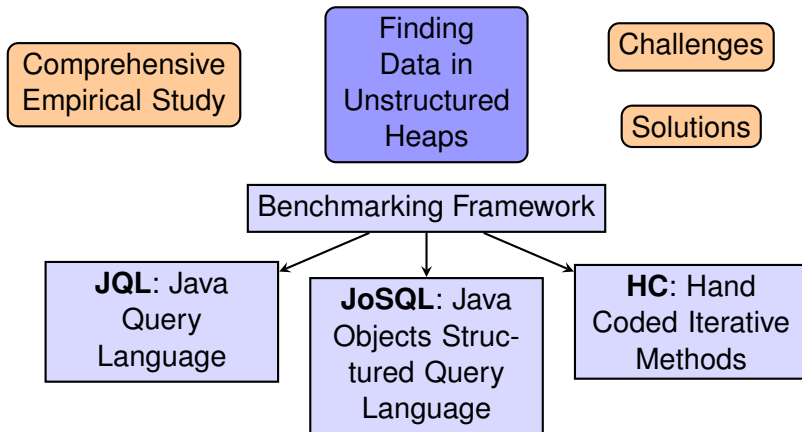


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Experiments Reveal Trade-offs in Performance and Overall Viability

Comprehensive  
Empirical Study

Finding  
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Challenges

Solutions

Benchmarking Framework

**JQL:** Java  
Query  
Language

**JoSQL:** Java  
Objects Struc-  
tured Query  
Language

**HC:** Hand  
Coded Iterative  
Methods

# Correctly and Efficiently Finding Objects in the Heap

The unstructured heap in a Java virtual machine stores objects that are connected in complex and unpredictable ways (Xu and Rountev, ICSE 2008)

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When is an Object Allocated to the Heap?

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LinkedList list = new LinkedList()
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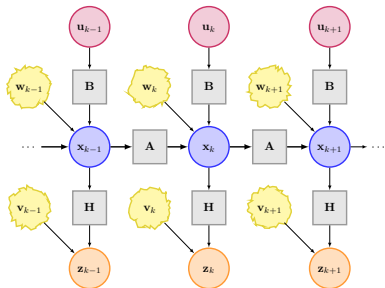
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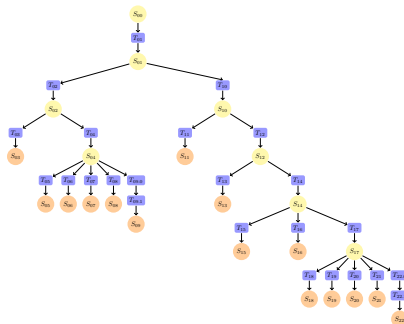
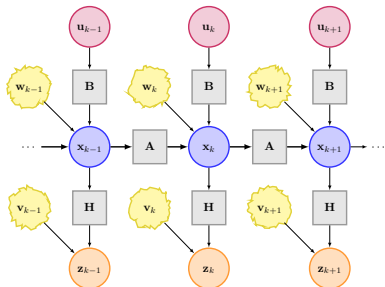
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Let's Allocate Some Objects to the Heap!

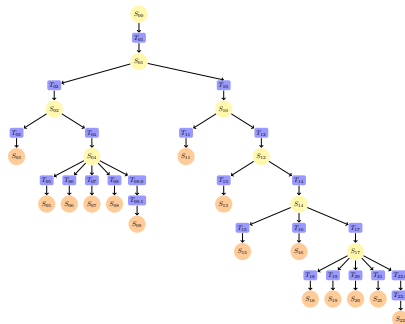
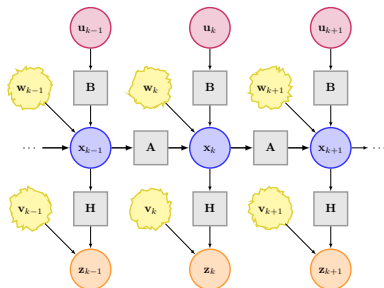
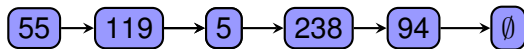
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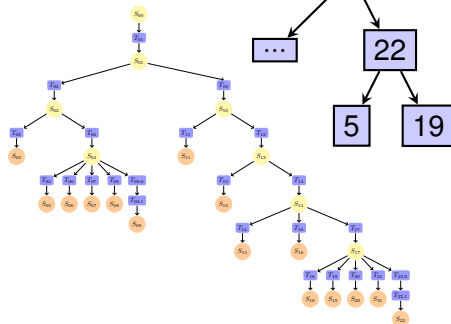
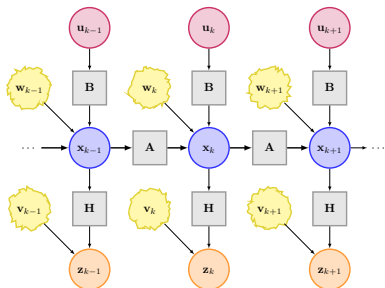
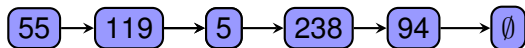


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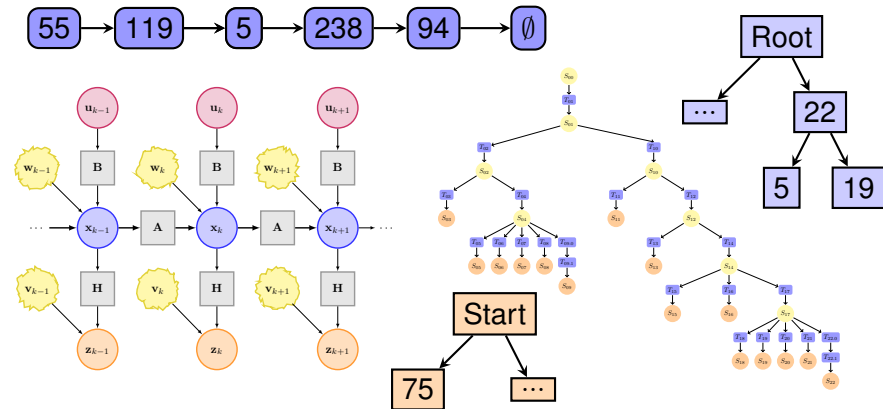




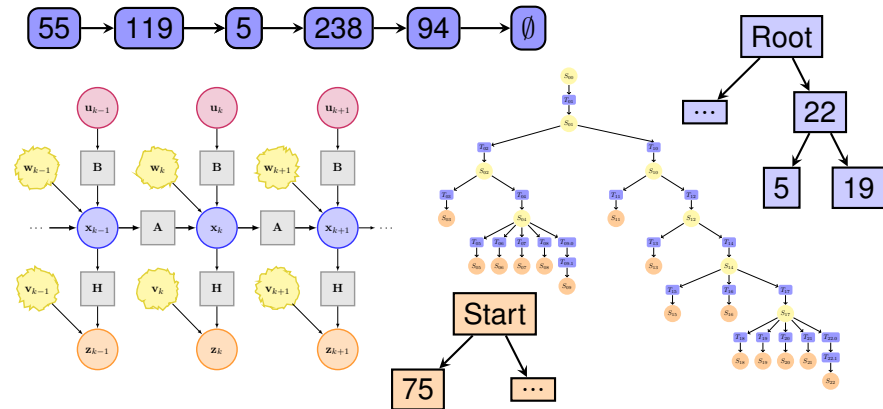
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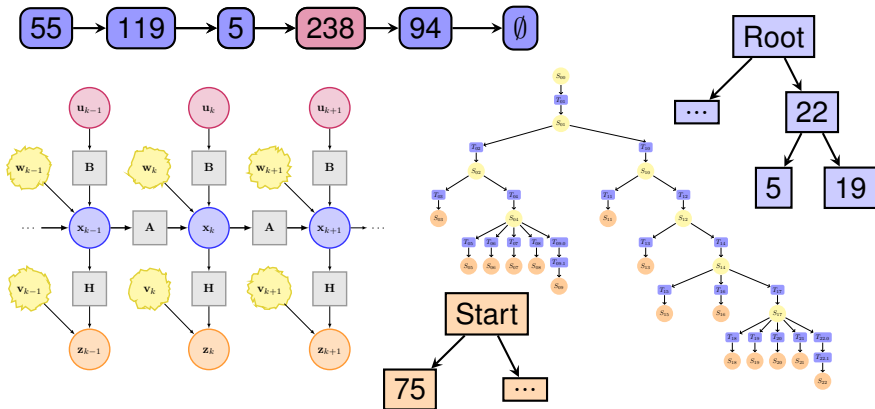


# Correctly and Efficiently Finding Objects in the Heap



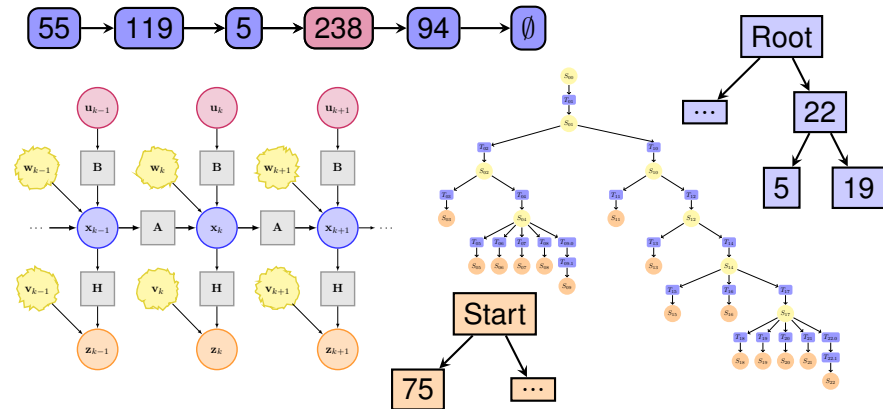
LinkedList Node(s) with Values Greater Than Those in the Trees

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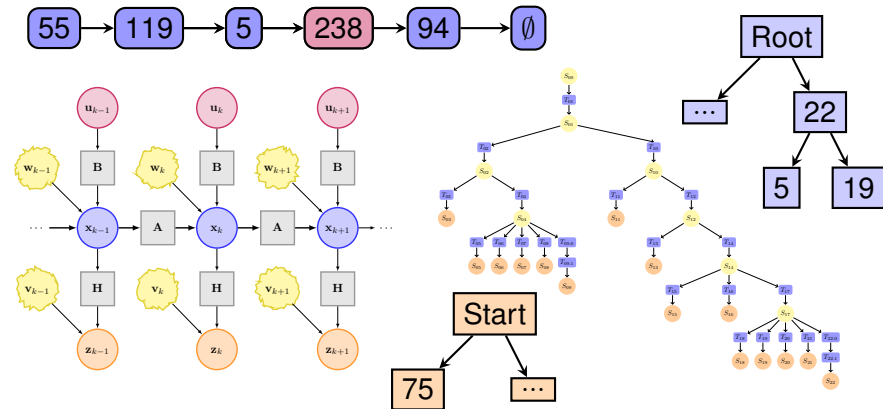
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# Correctly and Efficiently Finding Objects in the Heap



How Do We Find These Nodes?

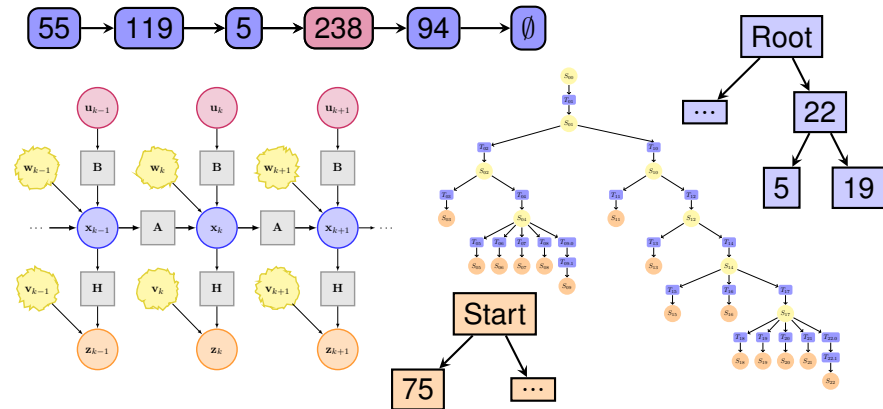
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How Do We Find These Nodes?

**Imperative** - Give the Procedure

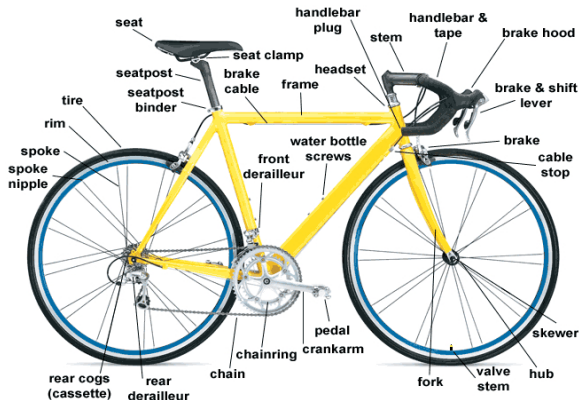
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How Do We Find These Nodes?

**Declarative** - Give the Specification

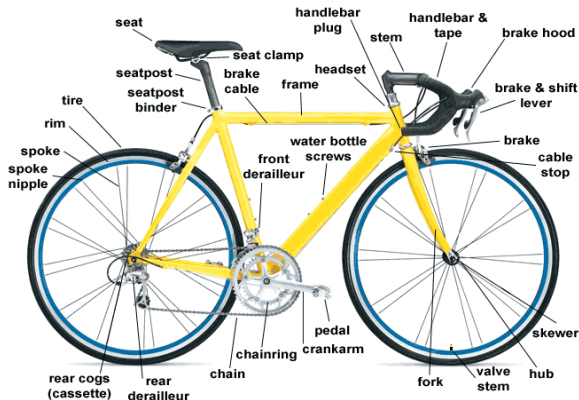
# Object Query Languages and Bicycles



**Efficiency - Bicycle:** Low wind resistance and time to destination

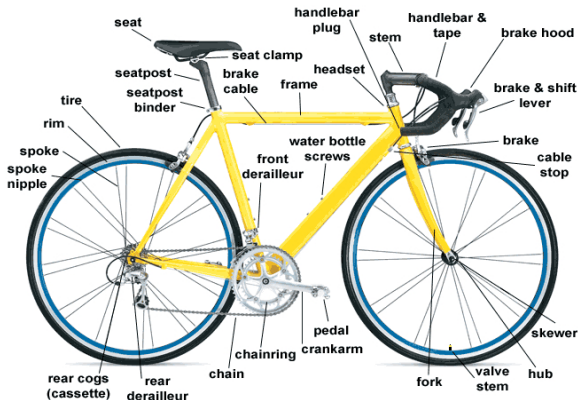


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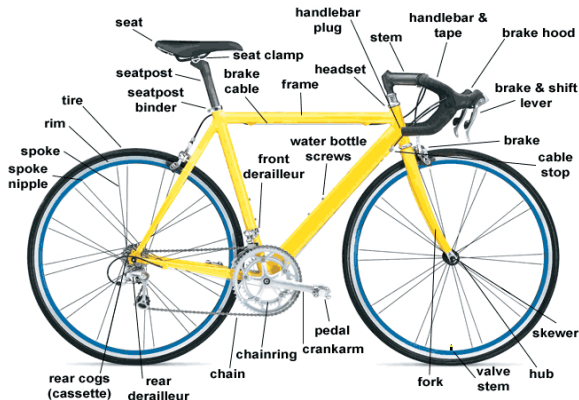
**Efficiency - Query:** Minimal space overhead and a low response time

# Object Query Languages and Bicycles



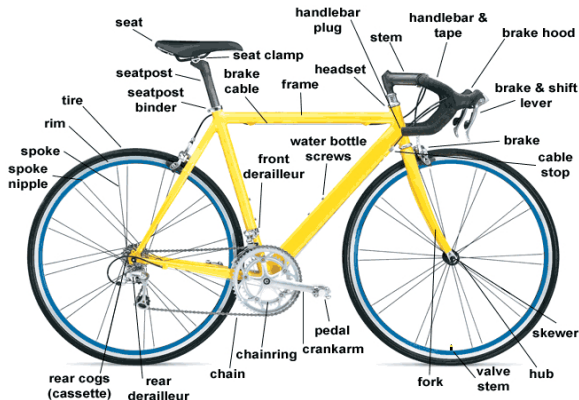
**Effectiveness - Bicycle:** Transports all item(s) with no break downs

# Object Query Languages and Bicycles



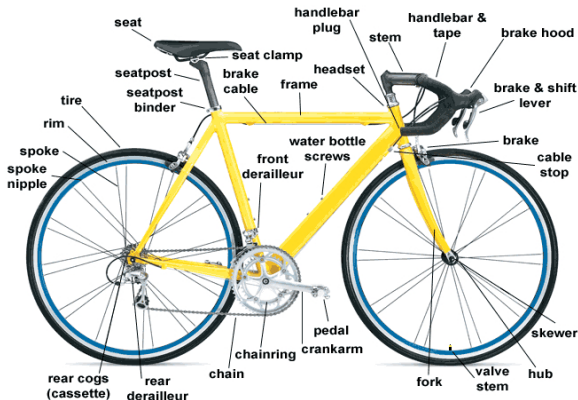
**Effectiveness - Query:** Always returns the correct result(s) to a query

# Object Query Languages and Bicycles



**Cost - Bicycle:** Frame material(s) and components cause price to vary

# Object Query Languages and Bicycles

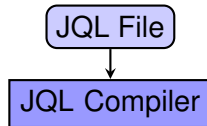


**Cost - Query:** Must consider installation and development challenges

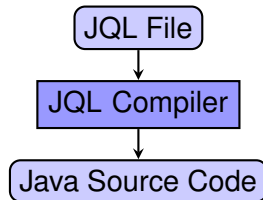
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JQL Compiler

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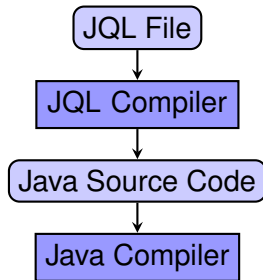


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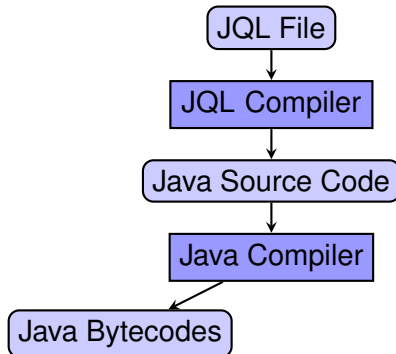




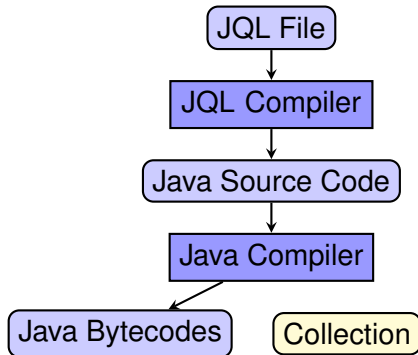
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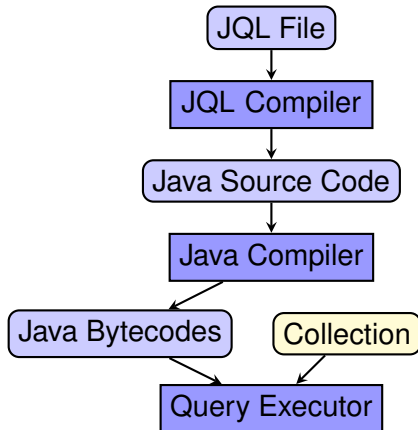
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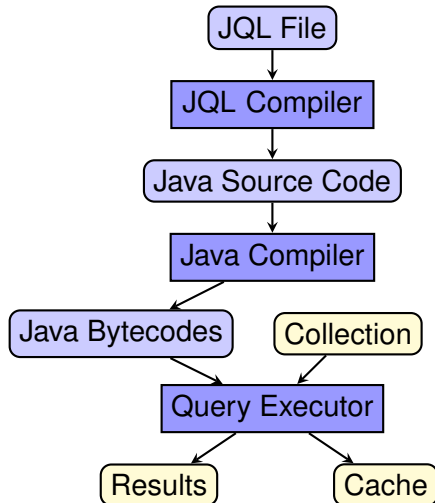
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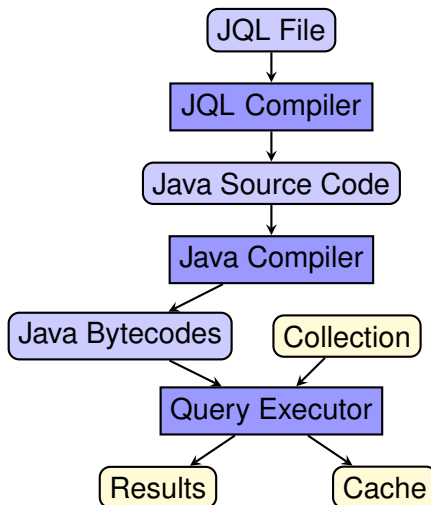
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## Features

- Pre-compilation
- AOP with AspectJ
- Method Queries
- Caching
- Optimizations



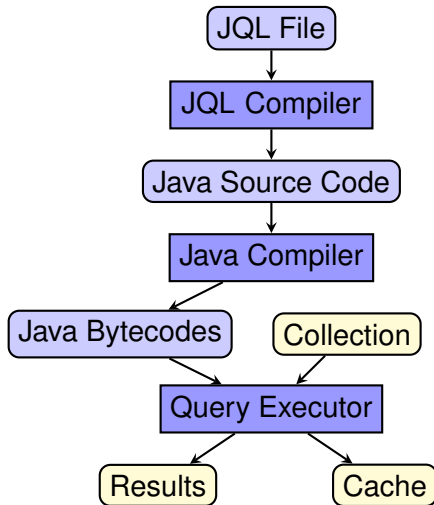
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- (Willis et al. ECOOP 2006)
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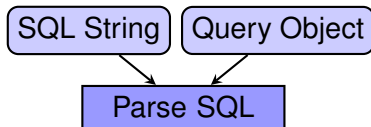


# JoSQL: Java Objects Structured Query Language

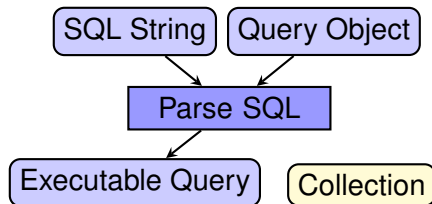
Parse SQL



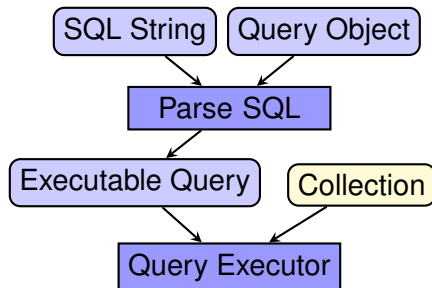
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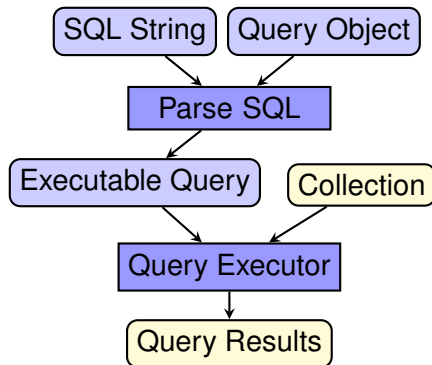
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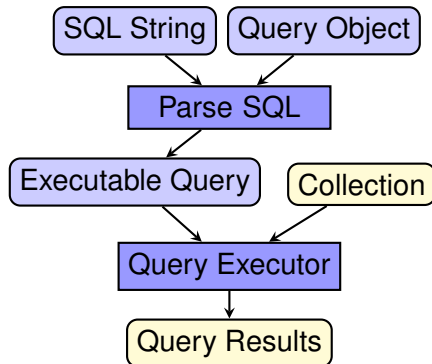
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## Features

- SQL Statements
- String Parsing
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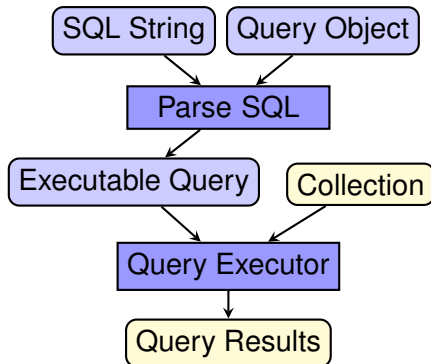
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- <http://josql.sf.net>



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Performance Trade-Offs?

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Benchmarking Framework Helps to Answer These Questions

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# Benchmarking Framework to Evaluate Query Methods

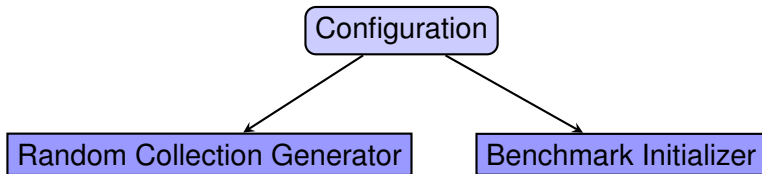
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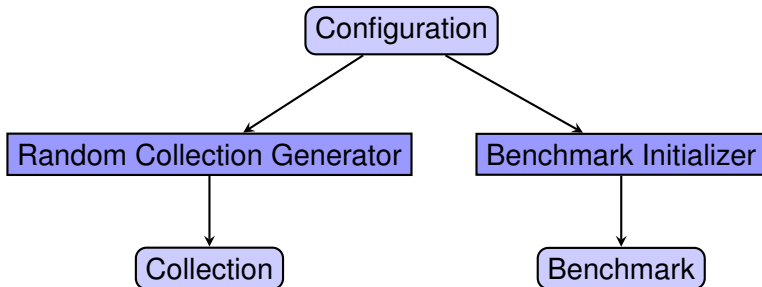
Random Collection Generator

Benchmark Initializer

# Benchmarking Framework to Evaluate Query Methods

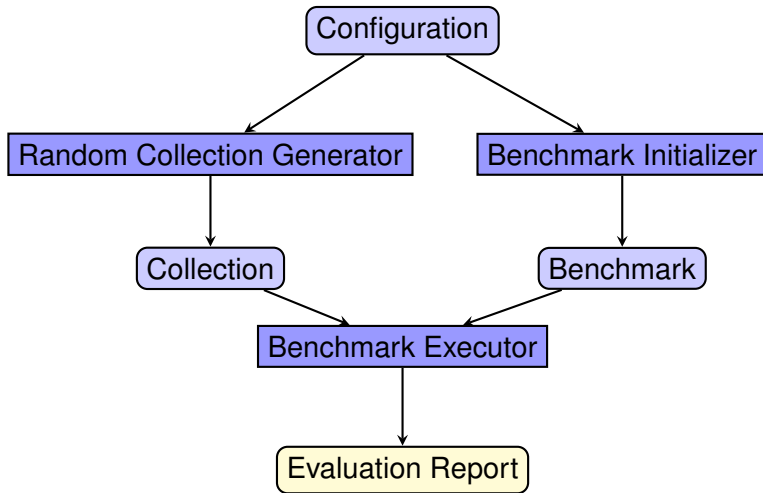


# Benchmarking Framework to Evaluate Query Methods





# Benchmarking Framework to Evaluate Query Methods



# Configuration of the Benchmarking Framework

Possible Configurations

Operations

Objects

Sizes

Methods

Explored a **wide variety** of benchmark **configurations**

# Configuration of the Benchmarking Framework

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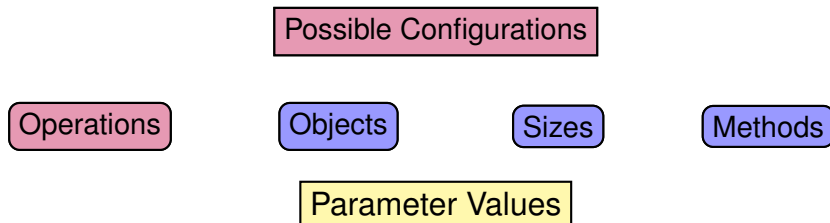
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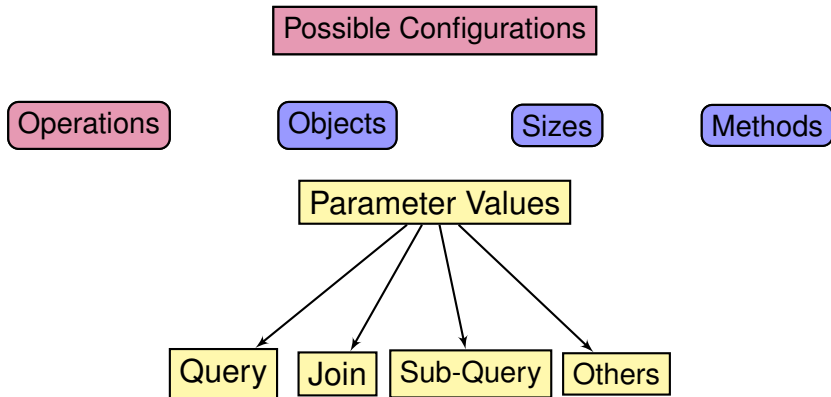
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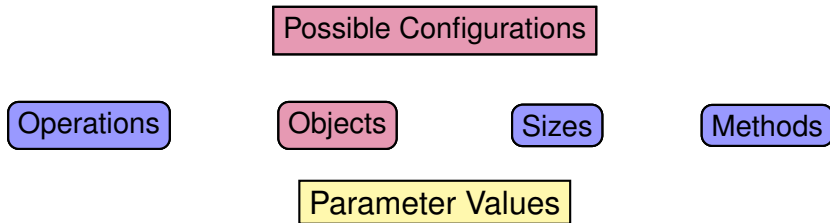
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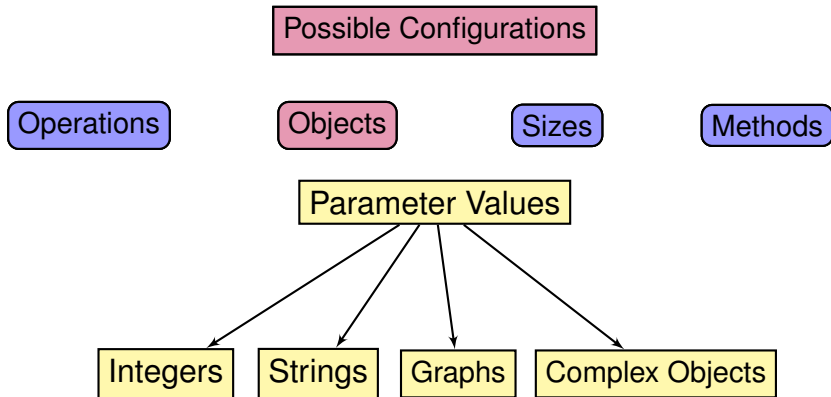
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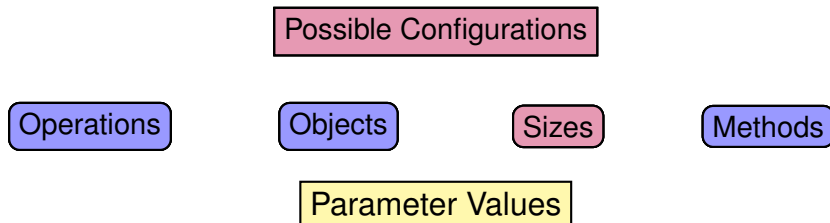
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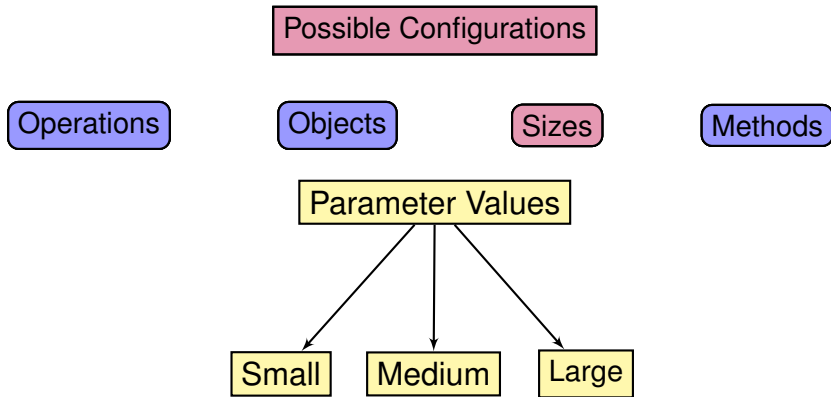
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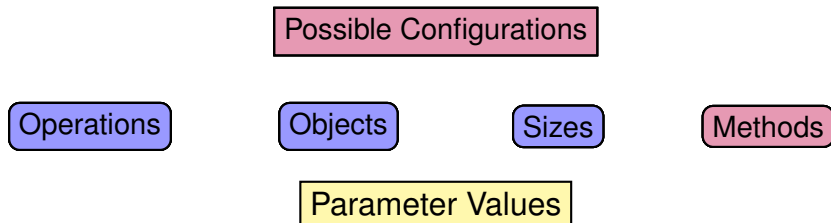
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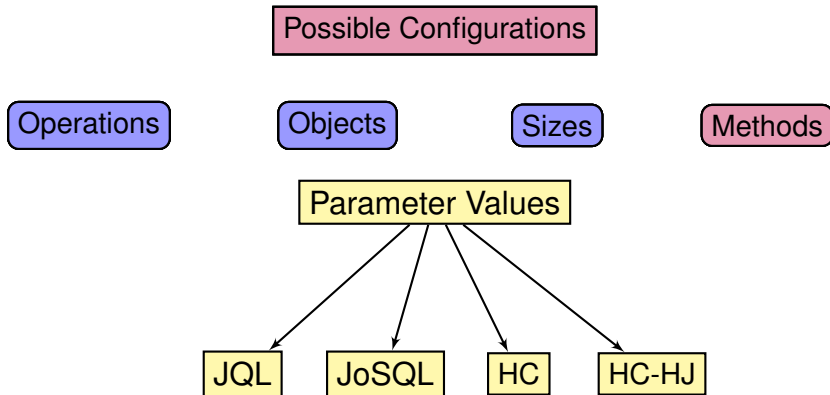
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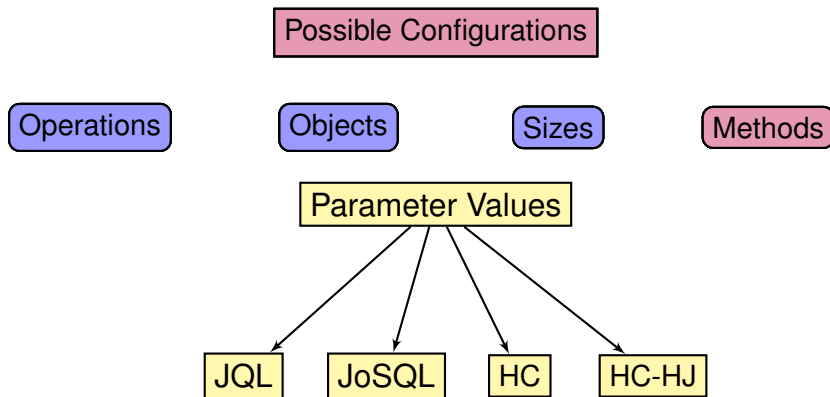
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# Configuration of the Benchmarking Framework



See the **paper** for further **operator** and **configuration** details

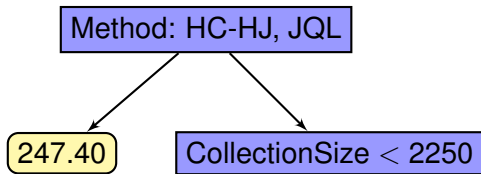
# Analysis Techniques: Regression Tree Models

Method: HC-HJ, JQL

**Tree Models:** Recursive partitioning creates hierarchical view of data

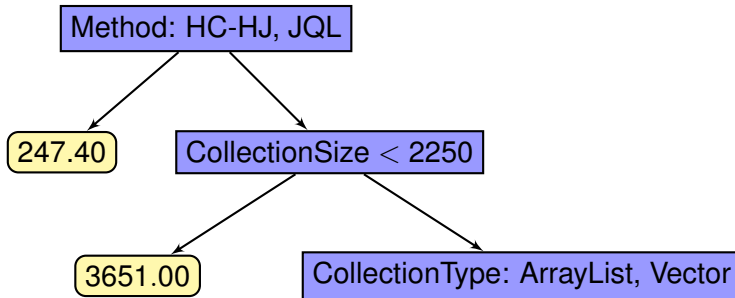


# Analysis Techniques: Regression Tree Models



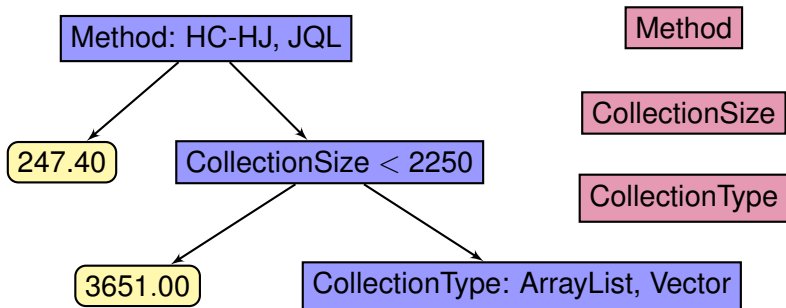
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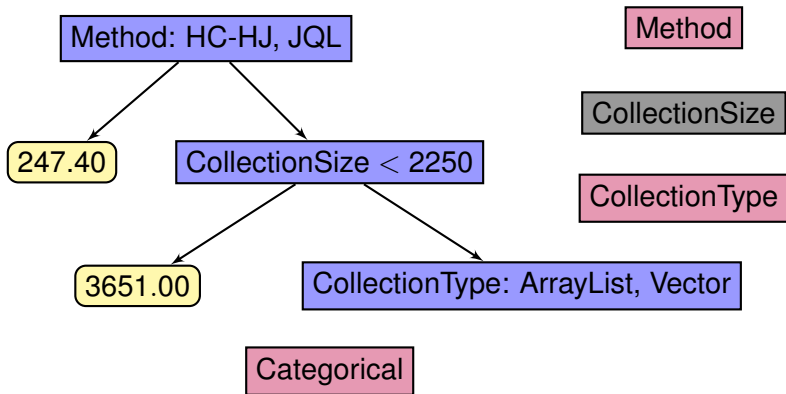
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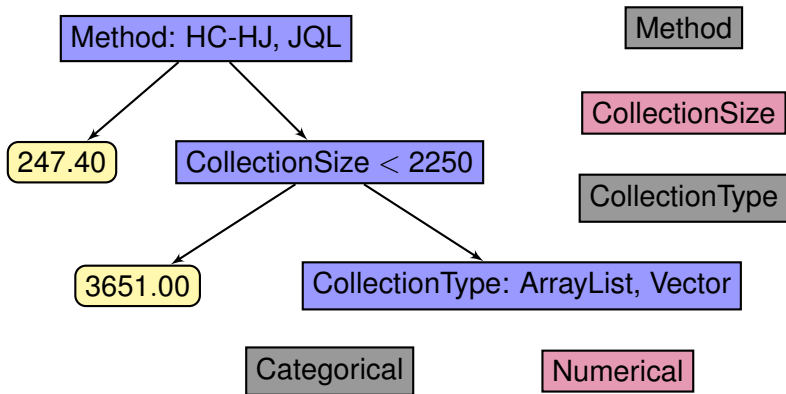
**Explanatory Variable:** Configuration of the benchmarking framework

# Analysis Techniques: Regression Tree Models



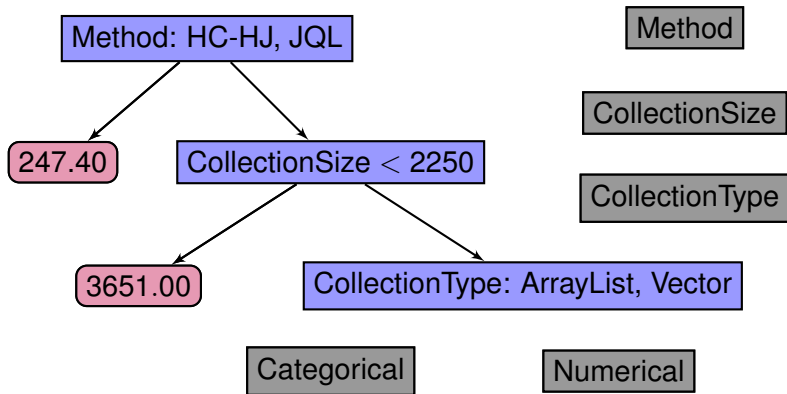
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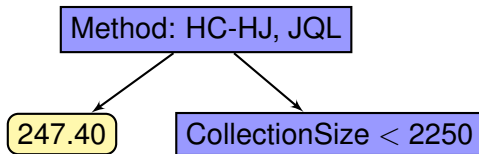


**Response Variable:** Response time of the benchmark

# Join Benchmark with Integers and Strings

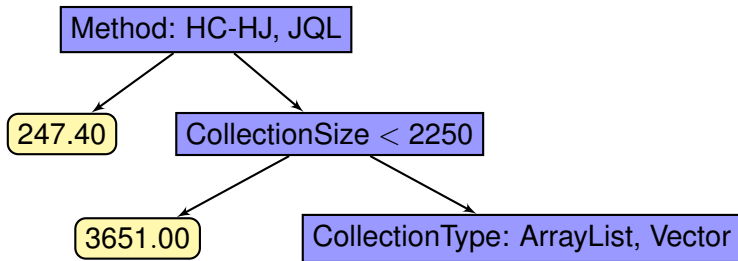
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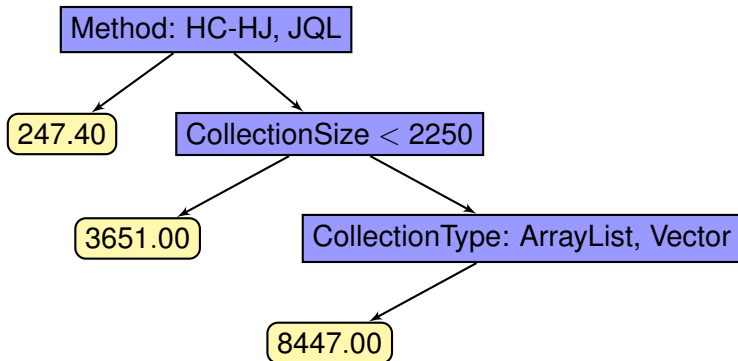




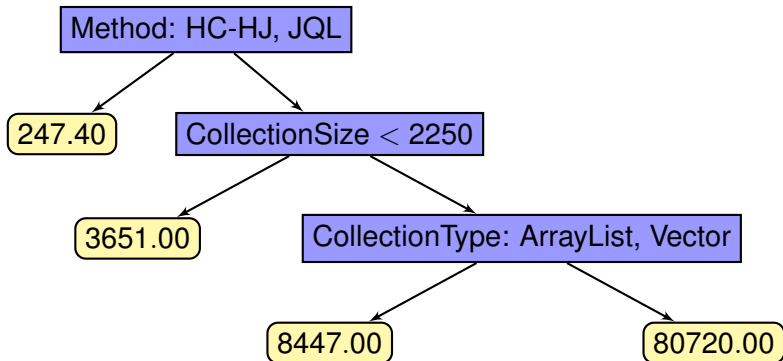
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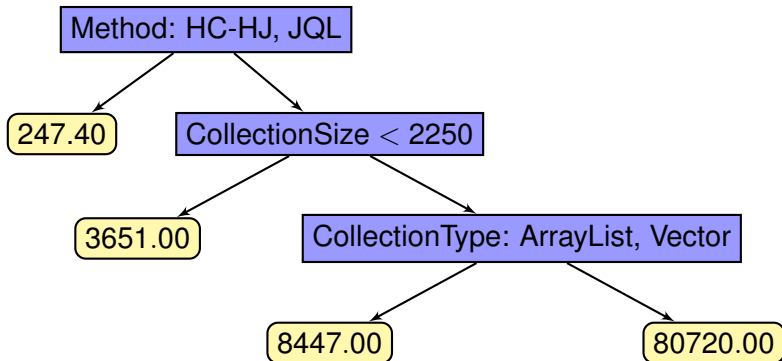
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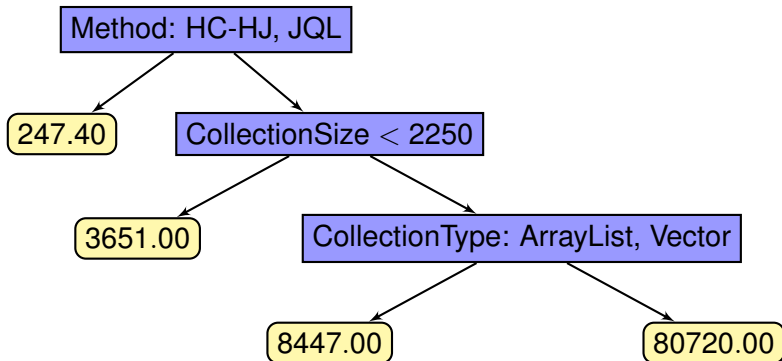


# Join Benchmark with Integers and Strings



**Reflection's Impact:** HC-HJ and JQL exhibit lower values than JoSQL

# Join Benchmark with Integers and Strings



**Reflection's Impact:** LinkedList further degrades JoSQL's performance

# Impact of Object Size on Joining

## Small Objects

Collection Size			
Method	Small	Medium	Large
JQL	57.2	390.2	981.8
HC-HJ	69.3	378.1	923.5
JoSQL	997.3	3620.2	8823.1

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## Large Objects

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JoSQL	930.3	3107.3	8165.9

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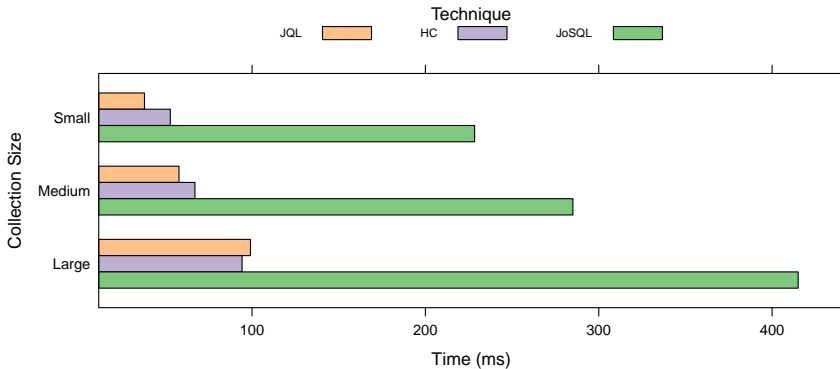
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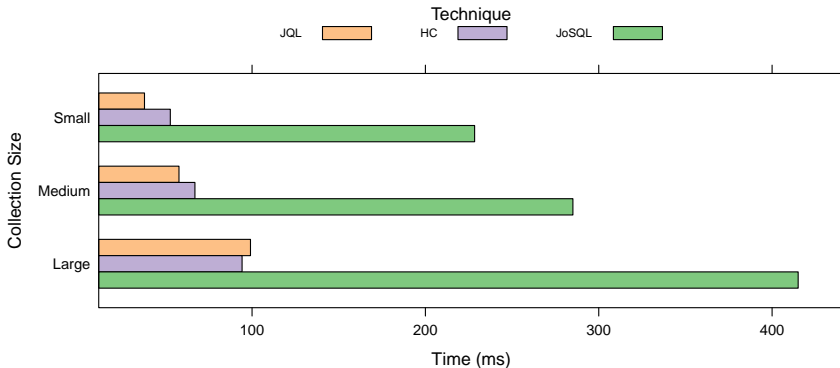
# SubQuery Benchmark with Graphs Containing Strings

(LinkedList, ObjectSize = 50)



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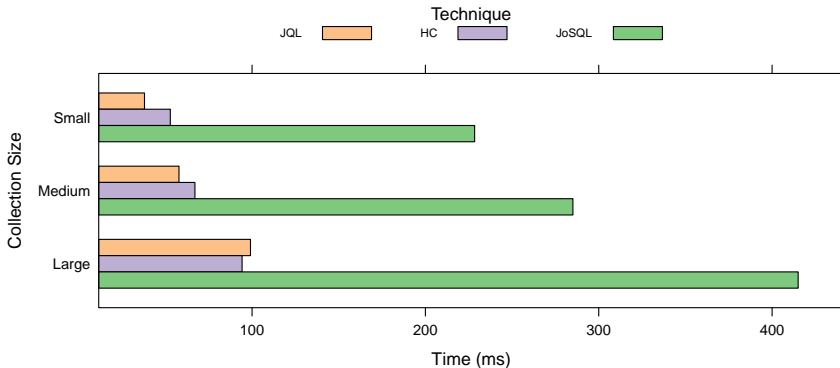
(LinkedList, ObjectSize = 50)



JQL is Faster Than HC When the Collection Size is Small and Medium

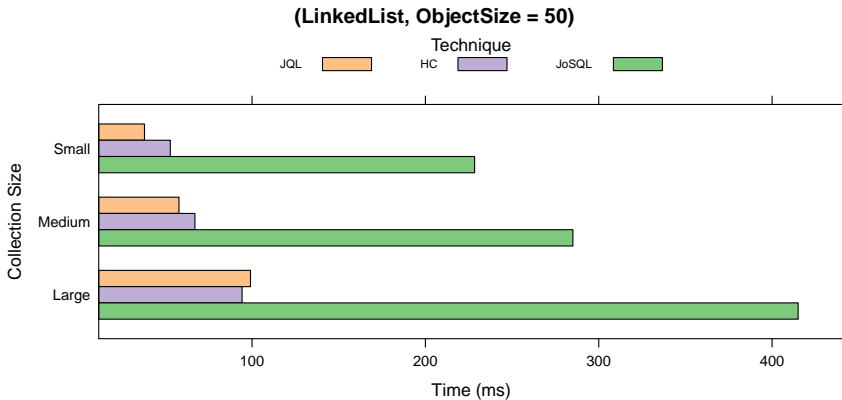
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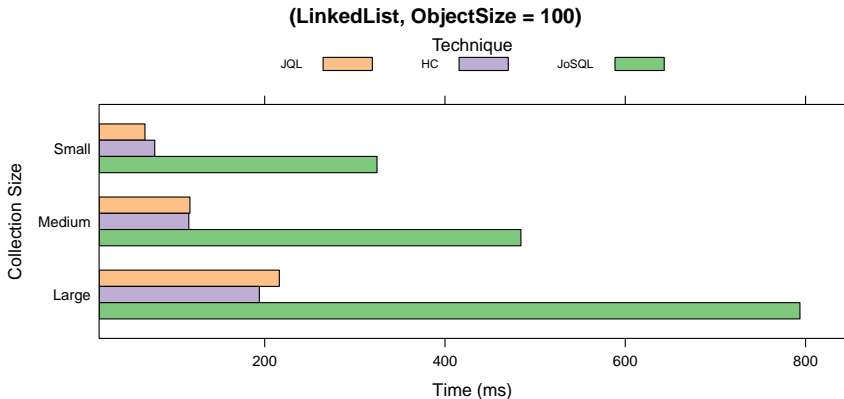
HC is Faster Than JQL When the Collection Size is Large

# SubQuery Benchmark with Graphs Containing Strings



**Why? JQL Must Track All of the Objects in the Heap**

# SubQuery Benchmark with Graphs Containing Strings



Trend is Even More Pronounced as the Object Size Increases

# Conclusions and Future Work

## Concluding Remarks

- Comprehensive empirical study of query methods
- Interesting trends concerning JQL, JoSQL, HC, and HC-HJ
- Refer to the paper for many more insights

## Future Work

- Integrate new benchmarks and object types
- Consider different sizes of objects and collections
- Incorporate different data finding methods
- Leverage additional statistical analysis techniques



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# Ask and You Shall Receive: Empirically Evaluating Declarative Approaches to Finding Data in Unstructured Heaps

Thank you for your attention!  
Questions?



## ALLEGHENY COLLEGE

*"Ask, and you will receive. Search, and you will find.  
Knock, and the door will be opened for you."*

Matthew 7:7 (GWT) <http://bible.cc/matthew/7-7.htm>